



Overview

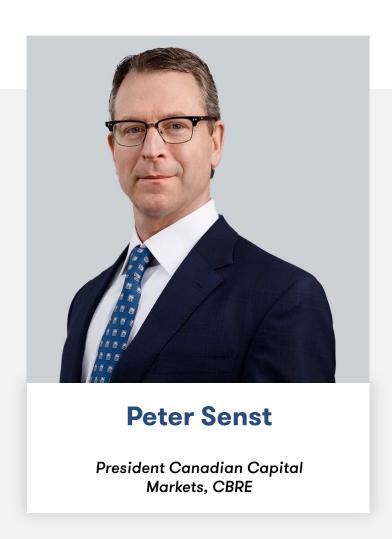


Agenda

- 01 Market Overview with Peter Senst
 - Fireside Chat with Michael Cooper & Peter Senst
- 02 Dream Industrial REIT Overview
- 03 GTA Market Overview with Colliers
- **04** Investment Market Trends
- **05** Investment Strategy
- 06 Growth Drivers
- 07 Platform
- **08** Financial Overview
- 09 Q&A



Market Overview with Peter Senst







Fireside Chat with Michael Cooper and Peter Senst



Michael Cooper

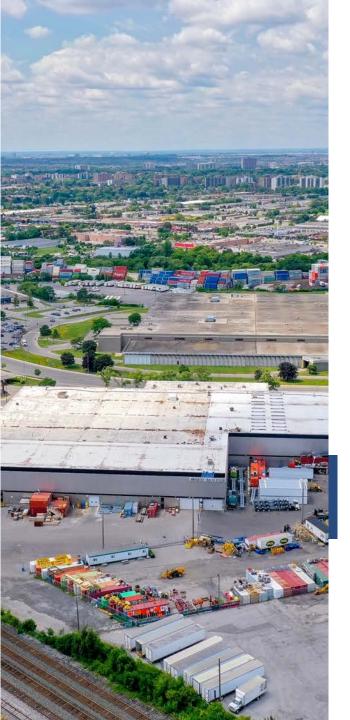
Founder, Dream Group of Companies



Peter Senst

President Canadian Capital Markets, CBRE





02 Dream Industrial REIT Overview



Our Industrial Platform

One of the Largest Industrial Platforms in Canada

\$8B

Dream Industrial Balance Sheet

+ \$7B Private Partnerships

=

\$15B

Industrial Platform

72M sf

owned and managed¹



of assets in Canada through Dream Summit Industrial JV \$4.3B/20M sf

of wholly-owned assets in Canada

25% Interest in \$0.2M/1.3M sf

of development sites in the GTA through GTA Land JV

25% Interest in \$1.3B/10M sf

of assets in the United States through the Dream Industrial U.S. Fund

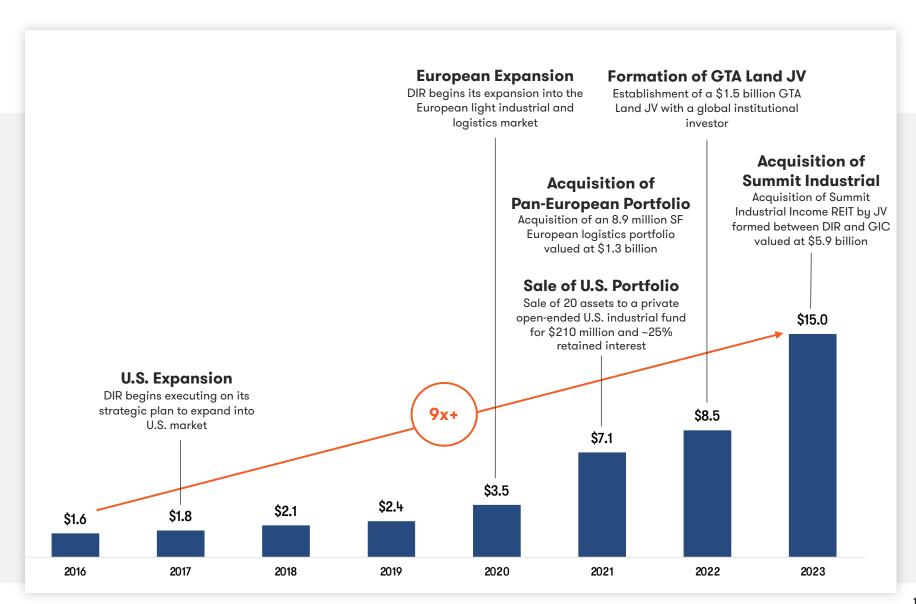
\$2.4B/17M sf

of wholly-owned assets in Western Europe





Evolution of the Platform





Senior Management Team



Alex Sannikov President & CEO



Lenis Quan CFO



Bruce Traversy



Kimberley Hill SVP, Customer Solutions



Dan Fletcher SVP, Portfolio Management



Joe ladelucaSVP, Portfolio Management,
Ouebec



Matthew Virgini
VP, Portfolio Management,
Ouebec



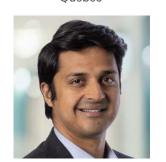
Andrew Cunningham VP, Portfolio Management Ontario



Shane Henke
VP, Portfolio Management
Western Canada



Sjoerd Barmentloo VP, Portfolio Management Europe



Nilanjan Roy VP, Portfolio Management



Brad Keast
Head of Development and
Construction



Matthias Femes
Director, Investments
Europe



Joanne Leitch
VP, Property & Operations
Accounting

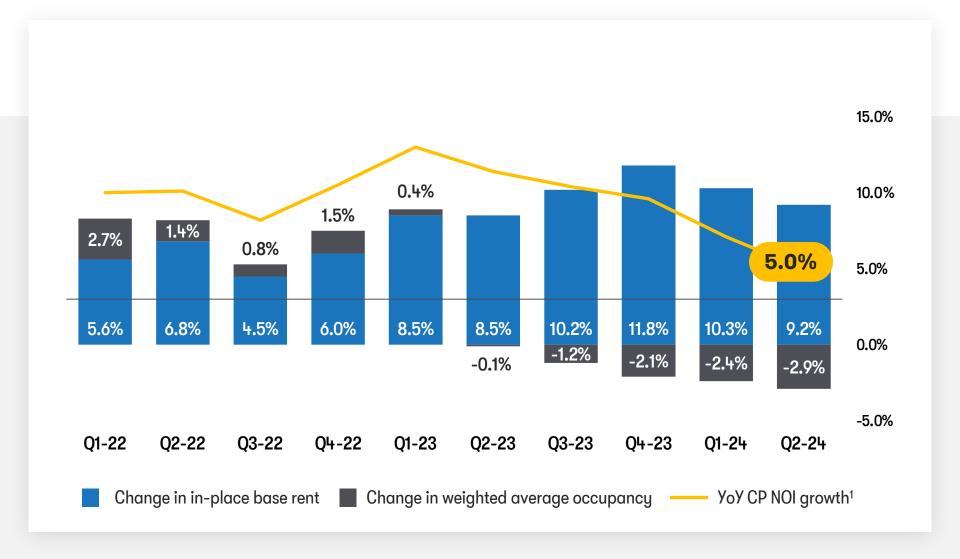


Karen Hon
VP & Chief Accounting
Officer



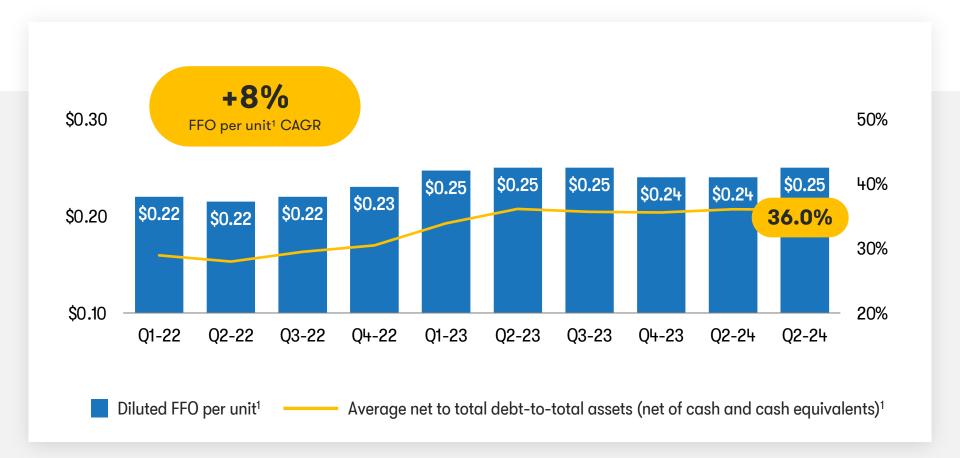


Organic Growth Drives CP NOI Growth





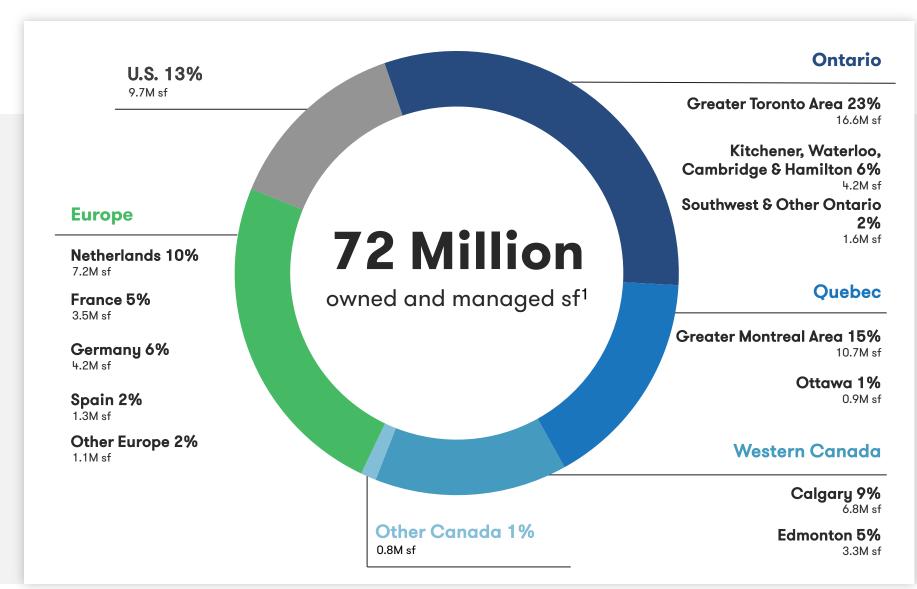
Organic Growth Drives FFO per Unit



Can this growth continue over the next few years as DIR refinances \$1.3 billion of debt maturing in 2025 and 2026?



Portfolio Overview





O3
GTA Market
Overview with
Colliers



Market Overview



Graham Meader

Vice Chairman, Colliers



Colin Alves

Vice Chairman, Colliers



04 Investment Market Trends



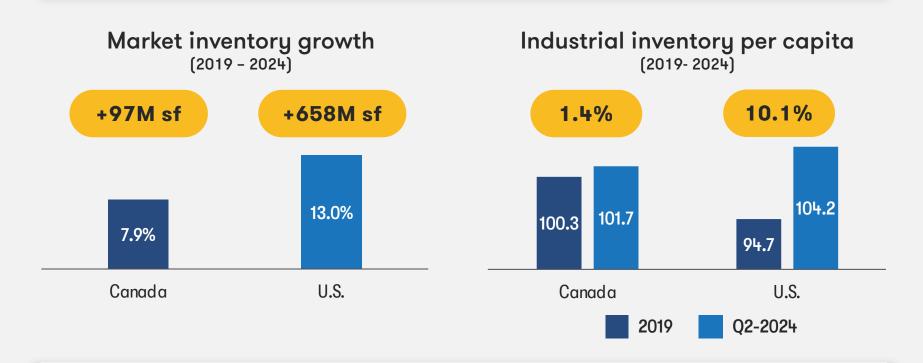
Investment Market Trends

Canada



High Barriers to Entry Keep Canadian Industrial Supply in Check

New supply in Canada has been moderate compared to major U.S. markets, especially in the context of strong population growth



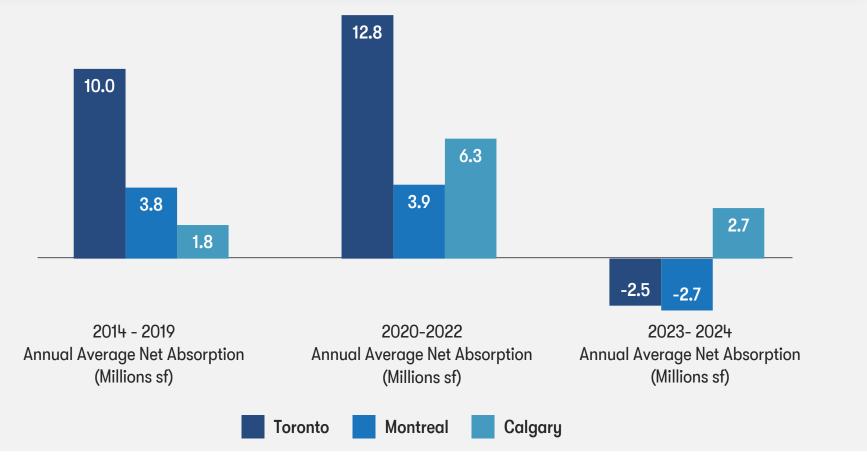
DIR's Top Markets in Canada: Toronto, Montreal, Calgary

U.S Top 6 Markets: Chicago, New York & New Jersey, Greater L.A, Atlanta, Dallas Ft. Worth, Houston



Long-term Absorption Trends Underscore Stable Fundamentals

Long-term pre-pandemic absorption trends significantly higher than current levels in Toronto and Montreal. Calgary has been seeing an uptick in absorption levels since 2020.

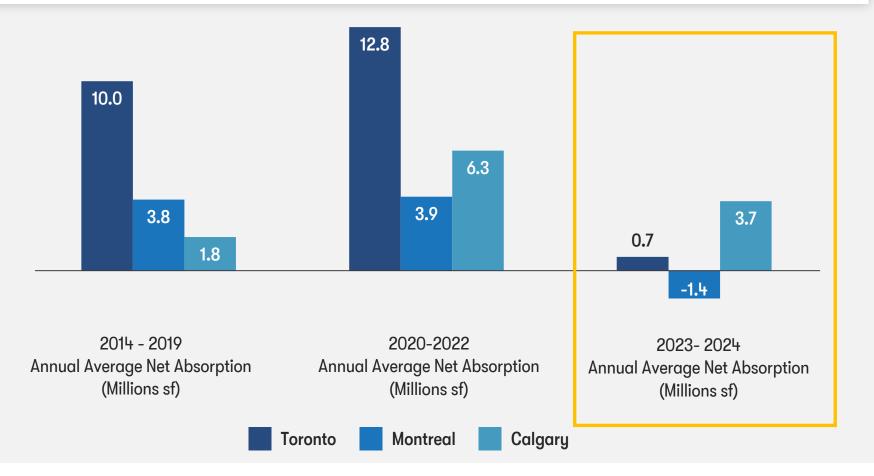


*Source: CBRE Limited



Long-term Absorption Trends Underscore Stable Fundamentals

Excluding sub-lease activity, net absorption was positive over the past 18 months

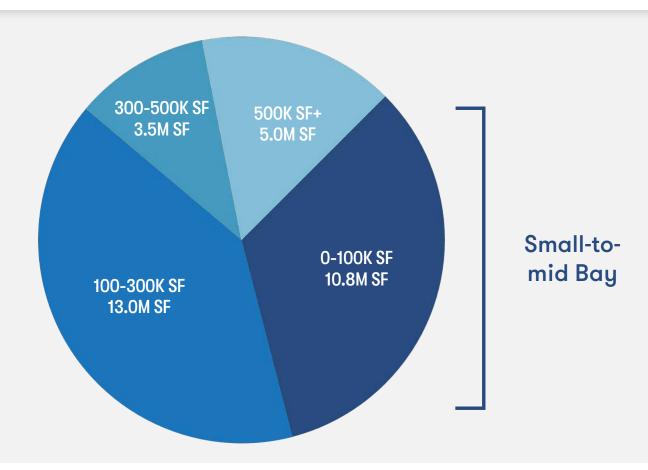


*Source: CBRE Limited



Urban Mid-Bay Assets Remain Resilient

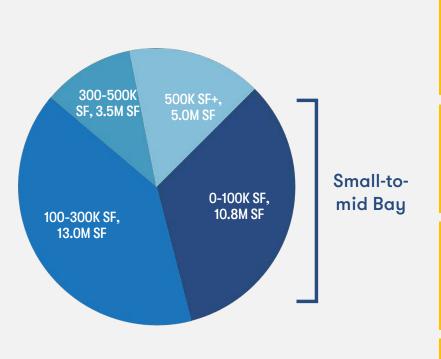
In the GTA, 70% of the current availabilities (direct and sub-lease) by GLA are in units greater than 100K SF





Urban Mid-Bay Assets Remain Resilient

In the GTA, 70% of the current availabilities (direct and sub-lease) by GLA are in units greater than 100K SF





\$19.50 3.5% steps



\$18.50 3.75% steps



\$18.25 3.75% steps 119% spread



\$18.00 4% steps 264% spread



Key Observations



Global Capital focused on the GTA

Global institutions looking to invest in Canada with a focus on the GTA.

Approximately \$2B in acquisitions completed over the past year or in advanced stages.



Private Investors

Looking to recycle profits from other asset classes into industrial.



User Buyers

Users are active buyers in the market for mid-size free-standing buildings in core urban locations, at premium valuations.



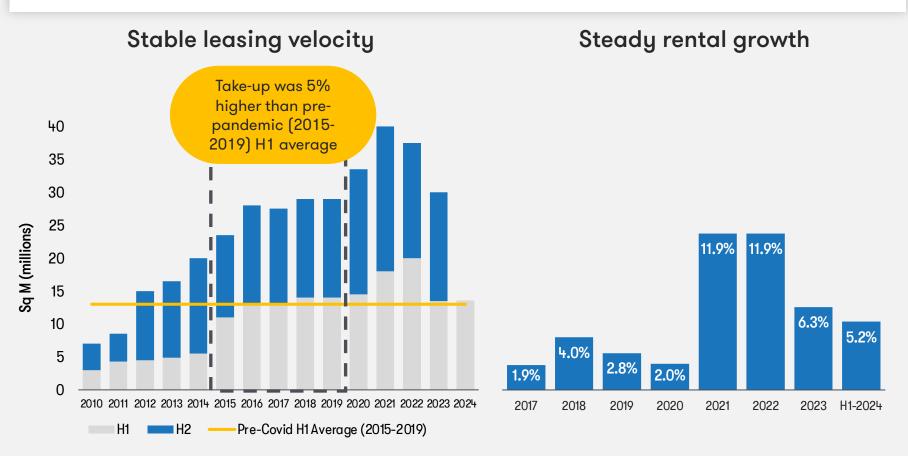
Investment Market Trends

Europe



Leasing Velocity is Stable with Solid Rental Growth

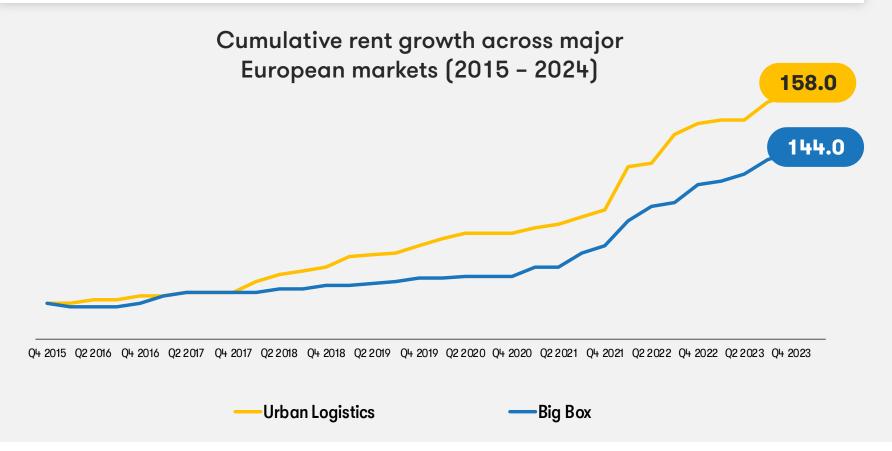
H1-2024 take-up volumes in major European markets at ~5% above pre-pandemic (2015-2019) average*, prime rents continue to grow in major European markets with ~5% YoY growth in H1-2024**





Urban Logistics vs. Big Box Rent Growth

Urban industrial rent growth has significantly outpaced the overall logistics market, and we expect this trend to continue





Key Observations



M&A activity

Increasing M&A activity in Europe for industrial/logistics with over €2B of volume in 2024 so far. Portfolio transaction activity picking up with increasingly larger volume offerings being made available on- or off-market.



Liquidity returning to the Debt Capital Markets

€12B of bond issuances by investment grade real estate issuers since the beginning of 2023 with over €6B raised by industrial/logistics names.



Equity markets are active

Over €3B of equity raised by industrial/logistics real estate issuers since the beginning of 2023.



05

Investment Strategy



Focus on Urban Industrial

What is Urban Industrial?

- Urban/Last Mile Logistics
- ✓ IOS (Industrial Outside Storage)
- Light Industrial



Well-located in urban centres or nearby highway networks



Suitable for warehousing, light assembly and delivery to end-users



May service a network of last mile facilities and handle reverse flow logistics

Why We Like Urban Industrial

Limited new supply

Diversity of users

Smaller unit size increases pricing power

Locations more suited to potential redevelopment & alternate uses

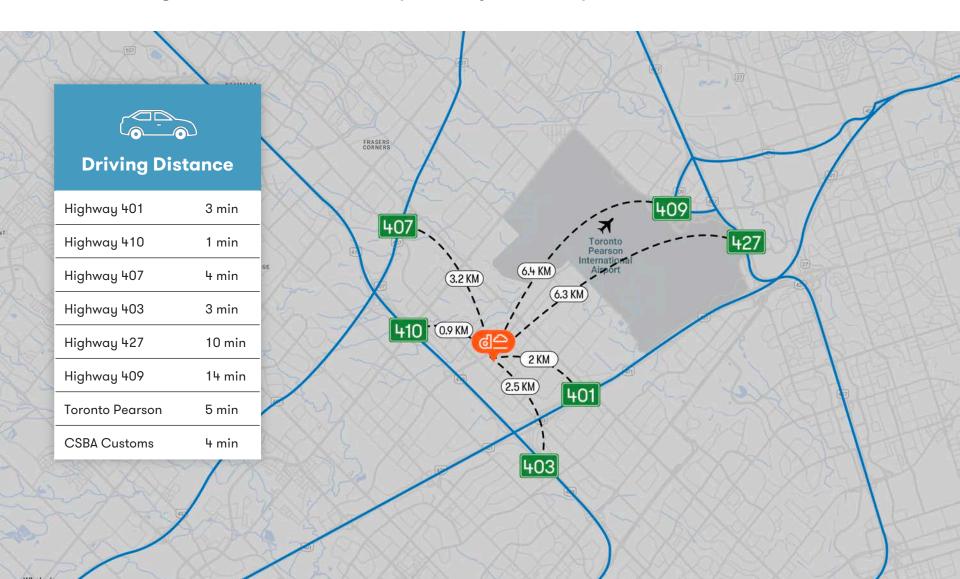


"The Ultimate Urban Industrial Asset"

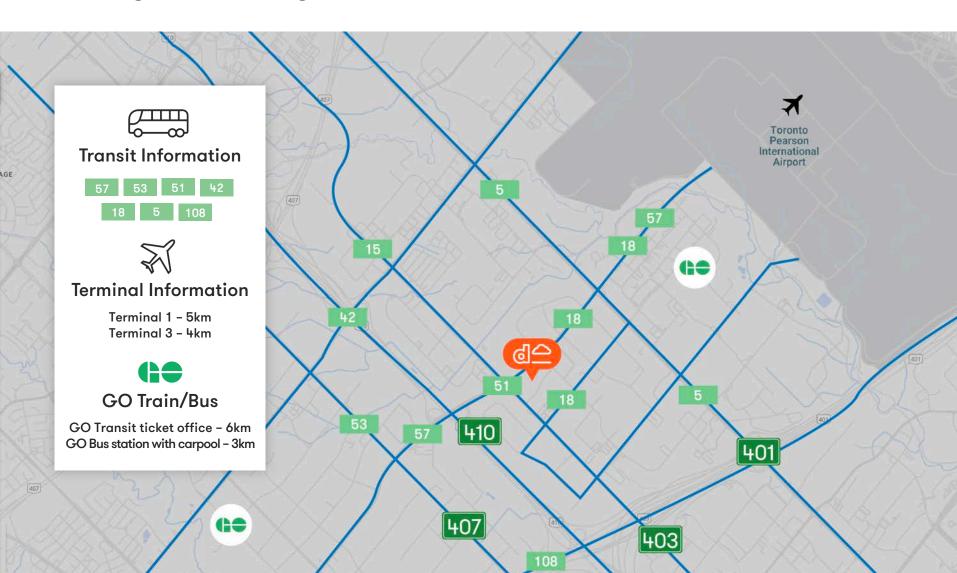




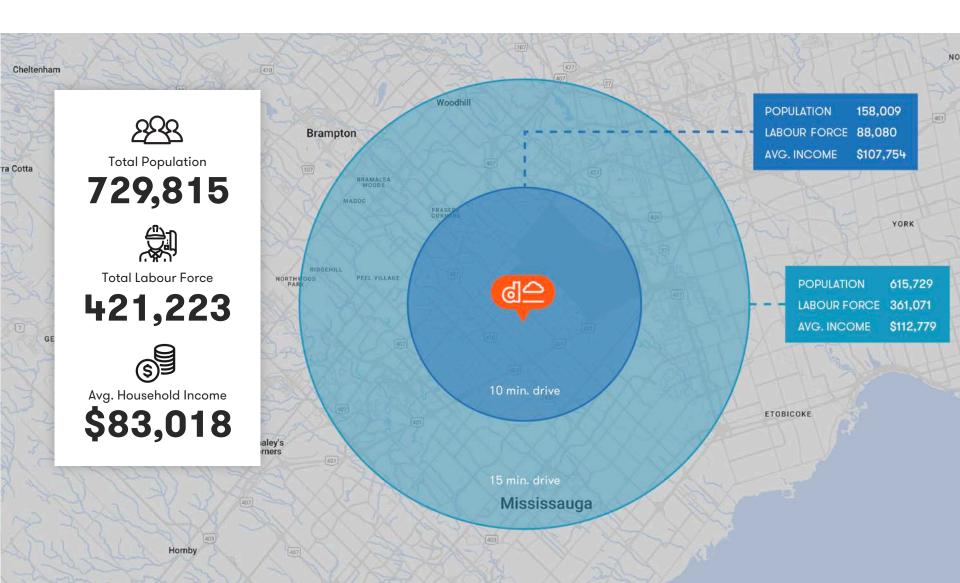
Perfectly located near multiple major transportation corridors



Strong transit linkages



Central to both markets and labour







"The Ultimate Urban Industrial Asset"

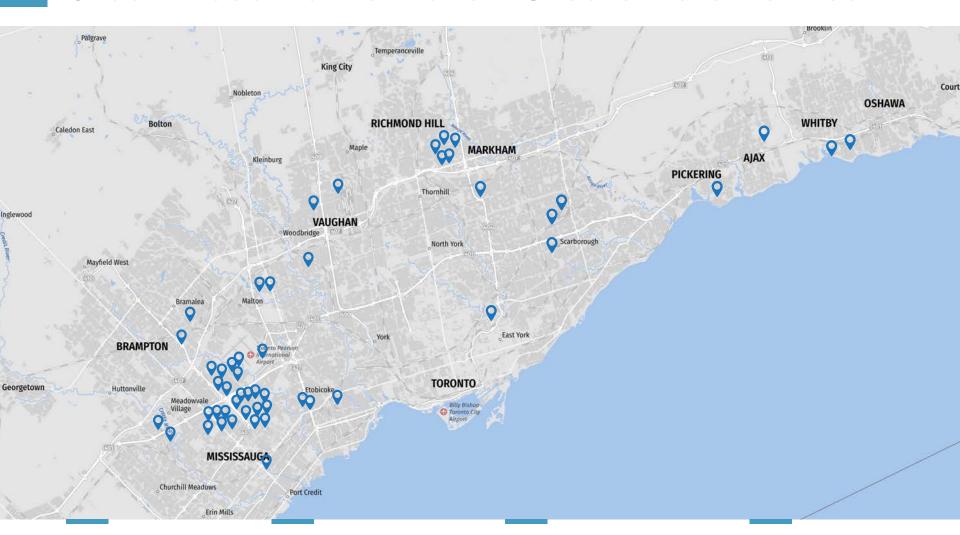




- Fully leased
- \$21 psf premium starting net rent
- \$1 psf ancillary revenue
- 4% annual contractual rent growth
- ✓ 6.6% unlevered YoC achieved



Urban Industrial Portfolio - Greater Toronto Area*



8.6M sf

100 Assets 3.8y WALT¹

54% MTM²

^{*}Figures as at June 30, 2024. Represents subset of wholly-owned portfolio that is classified as urban industrial

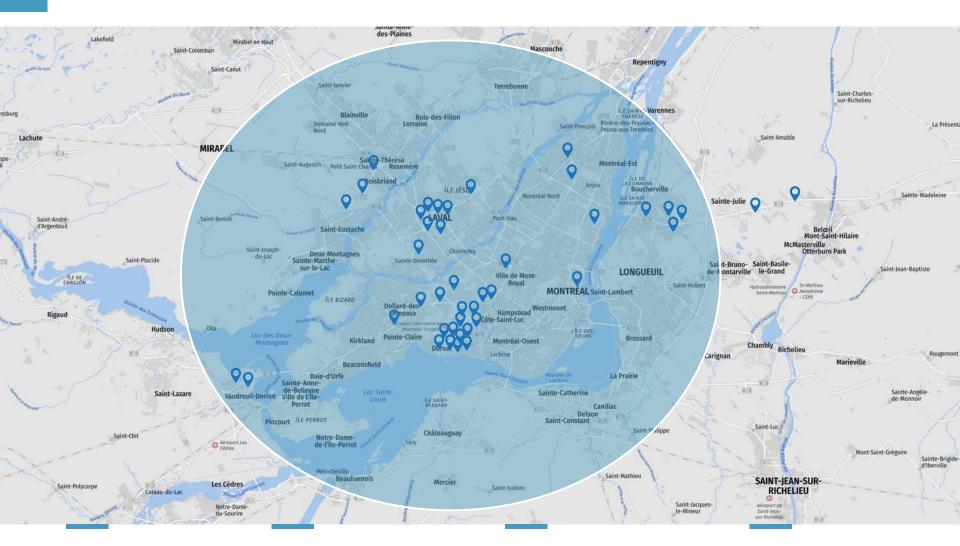
¹ Represents weighted average lease term

² Represents rent mark-to-market, which is calculated as estimated market rent divided by average in-place and committed base rent



Investment Strategy

Urban Industrial Portfolio - Greater Montreal Area*



5.9M sf

46 Assets

4.4y WALT¹

54% MTM²

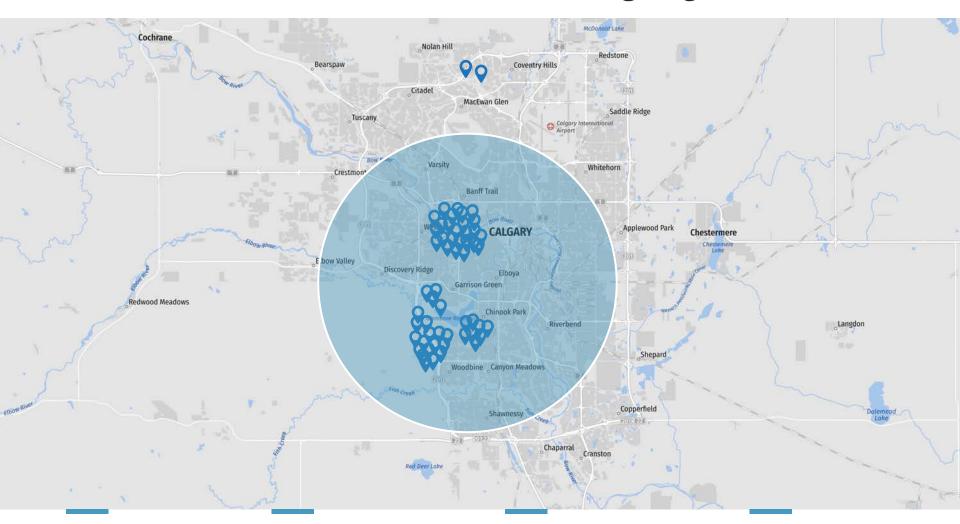
^{*}Figures as at June 30, 2024. Represents subset of wholly-owned portfolio that is classified as urban industrial

¹ Represents weighted average lease term

² Represents rent mark-to-market, which is calculated as estimated market rent divided by average in-place and committed base rent

Investme

Urban Industrial Portfolio - Calgary*



3.5M sf

57 Assets

3.8y WALT¹

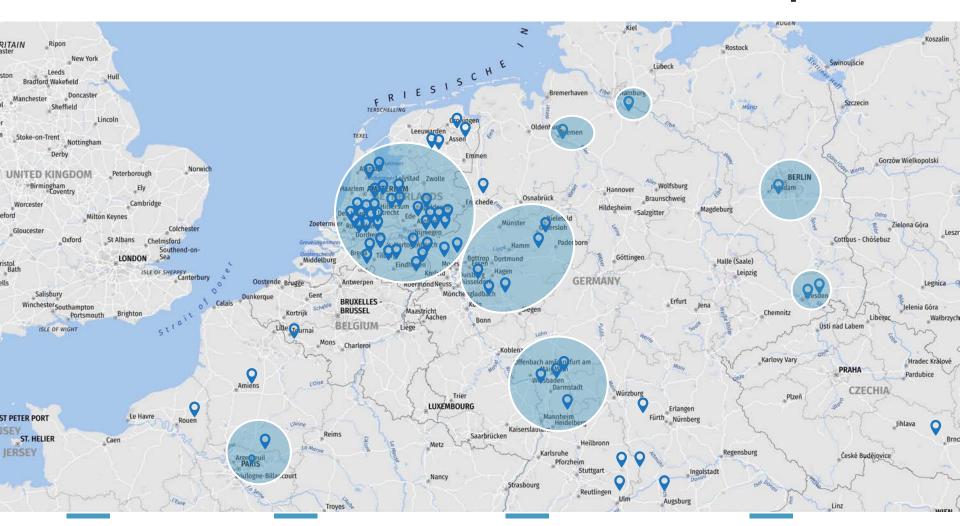
10% MTM²

^{*}Figures as at June 30, 2024. Represents subset of wholly-owned portfolio that is classified as urban industrial

¹ Represents weighted average lease term

²Represents rent mark-to-market, which is calculated as estimated market rent divided average in-place and committed base rent

Urban Industrial Portfolio – Western Europe*



10.7M sf 76 Assets

4.7y WALT¹

9% MTM²

^{*}Figures as at June 30, 2024. Represents subset of wholly-owned portfolio that is classified as urban industrial

¹ Represents weighted average lease term

² Represents rent mark-to-market, which is calculated as estimated market rent divided by average in-place and committed base rent



Alternative Uses



Data Centres

30+ sites shortlisted and undergoing feasibility



Temperature Controlled Facilities

~2M SF of existing assets with significant conversion and build-to-suit opportunities



Mixed-use Intensification

6 sites identified for rezoning with potential intensification density of 2M SF



Self Storage

5 sites in feasibility across GTA, Montreal and Calgary



Data Centres | Focus Areas

Focus on enhancing power at the existing sites provides significant optionality with data centres or alternate industrial uses, with limited downside

	Powered Land	Powered Shell	Turnkey Fit-out Data Centre	
Scope	Land with access to power, but no built structure	Basic structure with power and exterior infrastructure, without interior fit-out	Fully built, fitted with infrastructure and systems	
Capital Required	Low	Medium	Substantial	
Asset Flexibility	Highly Flexible	Specialized	Highly Specialized	
Execution	In-house	Joint Venture Build-to-Suit Sell	N/A	
	CURRENT FOCUS	FUTURE FOCUS	NOT IN SCOPE	



Significant Power Potential Under Feasibility Review

30+ sites selected for feasibility review

Anticipated power potential at these sites expected to accommodate modern hyperscale and Al-driven load requirements



Site selection criteria

Site area

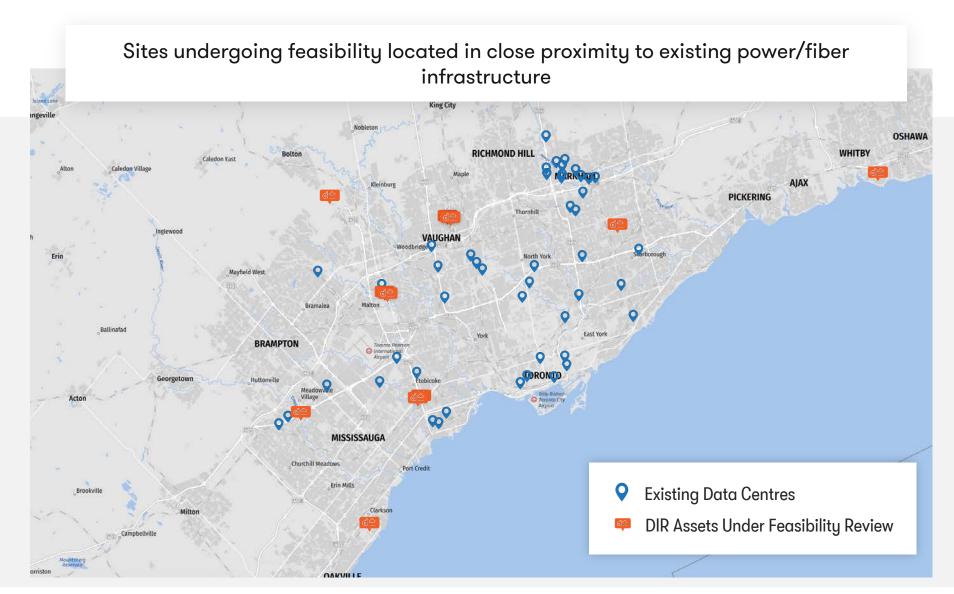
Proximity to fiber/existing data centres

Access to additional power in the near-to-medium term

Zoning and environmental regulations



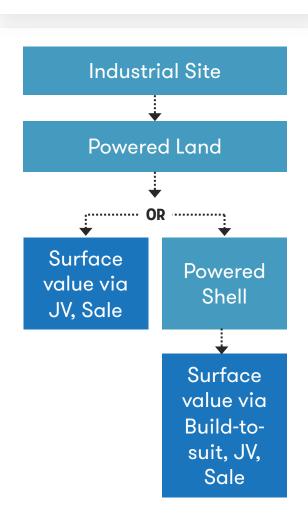
Featured Potential Sites in the Greater Toronto Area



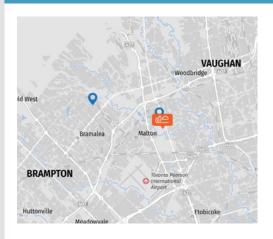


Illustrative Returns

Progressive value creation potential from industrial to powered shell



Sample Asset in Etobicoke, Central GTA



- Highly functional urban industrial cluster of two adjacent assets
- Located 400m away from an existing data centre leased to a premier hyperscaler
- 11-acre site area

	Industrial	Powered Shell
GLA	260K	235-280K
Site Coverage	55%	50-60%
Investment Requirement	n/a	~\$100m
Target NOI at Market Rents	\$4m	\$15m+
Mark-to-Market Cap Rate/Yield on Cost	6%	9%+
Yield on Incremental Capital		11%+

*DIR Estimates



06Growth Drivers





Strategy Focused on Multiple Drivers of Growth



Urban Portfolio with Embedded Upside

Embedded mark-to-market potential

Contractual rent growth

Vacancy lease up



Development and Intensification

Near-term development pipeline

Excess density on existing land



Ancillary Revenue

Solar

EV charging

Cell towers



Private Capital
Partnerships

Scalable revenue model

Property management

Leasing

Construction management



Mark-to-market rent opportunities embedded within portfolio

Strong mark-to-market potential

	Canada	Europe
Maturing GLA (in millions sf)		
2024	1.1	0.2
2025	2.7	1.6
2026	3.3	2.9
In-Place Net Rent psf ^{1,4}		
2024	\$8.95	€8.59
2025	\$8.76	€4.82
2026	\$9.59	€5.26
Market Rent psf ¹	\$14.11	€6.03

Healthy spreads over prior rents

Average spread of \$4.34 psf on 2.4 million sf of leases transacted² in Canada and Europe that will commence from Q3 2024 onwards

~\$50 million Annualized MTM opportunity on leases rolling by YE 2026³

² From Jan 1, 2024 to July 31, 2024.

³ Comprised of \$40M from mark-to-market on lease maturities and \$10M from 2024 transacted leases to date that have not uet commenced

Contractual rent escalations

	Canada	Europe
Occupied GLA (sf) ¹	18.9M	16.6M
In-Place Net Rent psf ¹	\$9.92	€5.59
Annualized Rental Income ³	\$187.5M	\$137.3M ²

Average annual contractual rent growth is now **over 3%** on leases in Canada, compared to less than 2% a few years ago

In our European portfolio, approximately
85% of leases are indexed to local
CPI and remainder having annual
contractual rental steps, representing 2% on
average annually

Incremental net rental income of **\$17 million** annually by YE 2026⁴ (\$11M in Canada and \$6M in Europe)

¹ As at June 30, 2024.

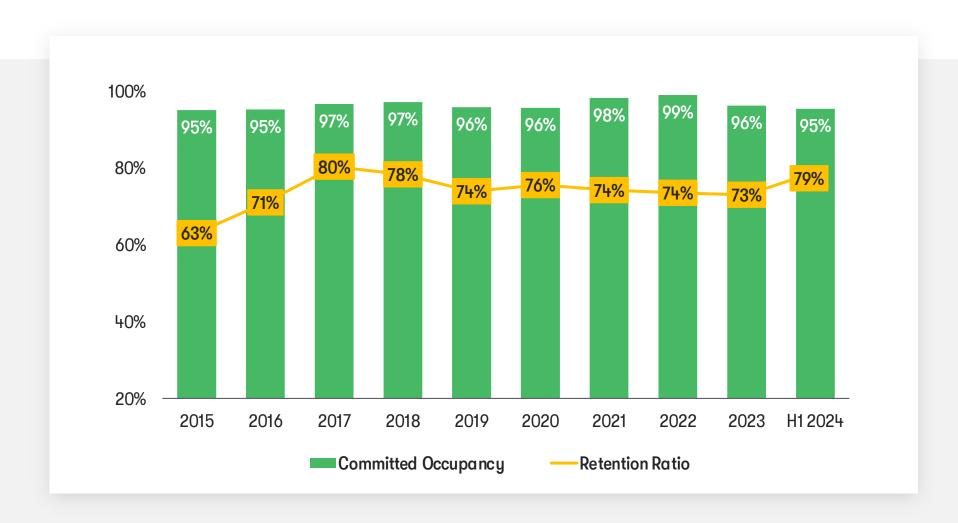
² Assume FX 1.48 EUR/CAD.

³ Rental income represents investment properties revenue. Annualized rental income is based on the quarter ended June 30, 2024.

⁴Assume contractual rent growth of 3% in Canada and 2% CPI indexation in Europe.



Consistently strong occupancy and retention



Occupancy reverting to mean

	Ontario	Quebec	Western Canada	Europe
Occupancy Rate ¹	95.4%	94.0%	95.4%	95.6%
Vacant GLA (sf) ²	0.4M	0.4M	0 . 2M	0.8M
Market Rent psf ²	\$16.38M	\$14.25M	\$9.63M	€6.03M
Annualized NOI Potential ³	\$6.8M	\$5.2M	\$2.1M	\$6.9M
NOI Margin ⁴	80%	73%	63%	83%
Gross Revenue Potential ⁵	\$8.5M	\$7.2M	\$3.3M	\$8.3M
Impact on gross revenue of 1% gain in occupancy	\$1.9M	\$1.2M	\$0.7M	\$1.9M

100 bps movement in occupancy drives **\$6 million** in additional gross revenue

¹ in-place and committed occupancy as at June 30, 2024.

² As at June 30, 2024

AS GLOGIC GO, EGE 1.

⁴NOI margin is based on Q2 2024 actuals and is a supplementary financial ratio. For further information, refer to the "Non-GAAP financial measures, ratios and supplementary financial measures" section in this investor presentation.
⁵Gross revenue represents investment properties revenue.

Development | Completed

Completed projects expected to contribute on a run rate basis





0.7M \$110M

Total Cost

7.6%

Realized YoC

\$8M

O2-24 **Annualized NOI**





Projects

M8.0

\$198M

Total Cost

6.4%

Target YoC

NOI potential



Christoph-Seydel-Straße 1, Radeberg



Balzac, Calgary



Development | Projects Underway

Significant projects scheduled for completion in 2025 and 2026



Projects

1.2M \$251M 6.7%

Total Cost

Target YoC

\$16M

NOI potential







Water Street, GTA

52 *Figures as at June 30, 2024



Development | Medium to Long-Term Pipeline

Embedded upside from existing land bank focusing on mid-bay assets

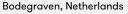




180 Acres **8%** + Target YoC*

\$20-30M NOI potential**





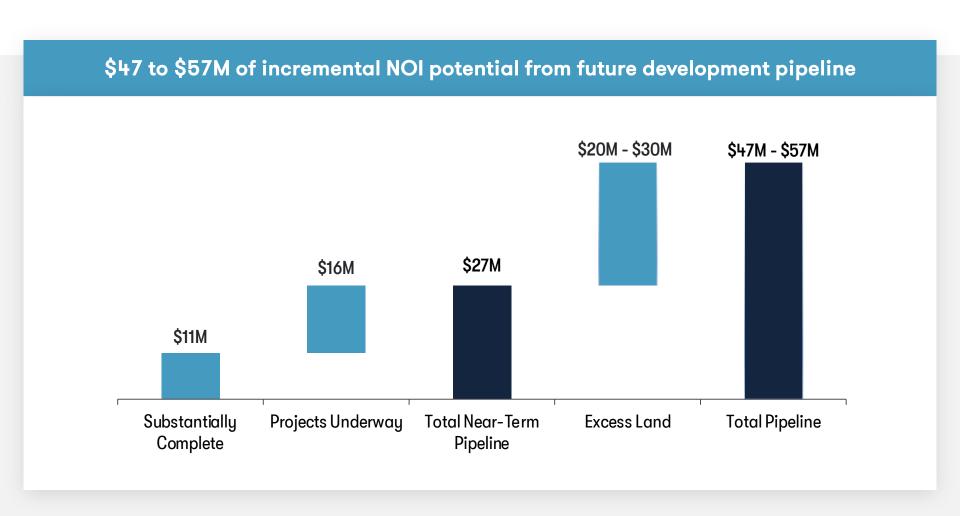


Breda, Netherlands



Development | NOI Potential

Focused development strategy adds high-quality logistics space





Ancillary Revenue Sources





EV Charging



Cell Towers

Capital investments in clean power across Canada and Europe. 18 completed projects

with significant pipeline.

Pilot complete for onsite EV chargers for passenger vehicles and last mile fleet. Significant opportunities to add scale.

50+ sites undergoing feasibility review for a potential JV with an operating partner.

\$0.5M-\$1.0M Investment per project

\$50k-\$100k Investment per project

\$0.5M-\$0.7M Investment per project

8%-10%

Unlevered YoC

20%-25%

15%+

Target YoC

Unlevered YoC

Stage: Scaling up

Stage: Pilot complete

Stage: Feasibility review

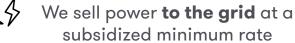


Solar | Revenue Model

Canada



Tenants buy all the solar electricity generated by **Dream Industrial** at guaranteed rate with escalations



Netherlands



Solar will partially meet the tenant's electricity needs; any power shortfall will be met by the **utility**

8% - 10%

Target YOC

Additional Return Enhancement Opportunities

Battery storage

Virtual power purchase agreements

Renewable energy credits

EV charging

Solar | Completed Projects

22

Projects substantially complete and under management

\$25M

Cost of projects completed and underway

11%+

Yield on cost of completed projects

38,000

Solar panels installed globally

17 MW

System capacity of completed projects

5 MW

System capacity under construction







Eindhoven, NL



Solar | Medium-Term Pipeline

Potential to generate \$20M of NOI

\$200M+

total investment

150 MW+

potential

8% - 10%

targeted YoC

Adding Scale in Existing Markets

Alberta | Netherlands

Expanding into New Markets

Ontario | Germany | France | Spain







Calgary, AB

Bleiswijk, NL



Private Capital Partnerships

4

Partnerships

30M SF

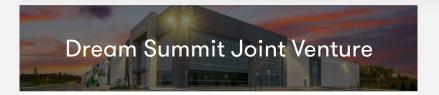
GLA

\$8B

IP Value

\$540 million

of acquisitions over the past 12



JV between Dream Industrial REIT and GIC which acquired Summit Industrial Income REIT in a transaction valued at \$5.9 billion. Subsequently acquired an additional \$0.5 billion of assets since inception.



The fund's strategy is to invest in high-quality core, core+, value-add and development industrial assets across the U.S.



Dream Industrial partnered with a global sovereign wealth fund to develop and hold prestige industrial facilities in Southern Ontario.



JV between Dream Summit and a leading Canadian financial institution that owns 1 million square feet of high-quality industrial GLA located primarily in the Greater Toronto Area and Greater Golden Horseshoe Area.



Private Capital Partnerships

Highly scalable revenue model



Property management revenue is driven by organic revenue growth and partnerships scale

Leasing revenue is directly correlated to market rents achieved on transacted leases

Construction management revenue grows as we invest in capital improvements

Potential to continue growing property management and leasing revenue as we execute on organic NOI growth drivers within our partnerships

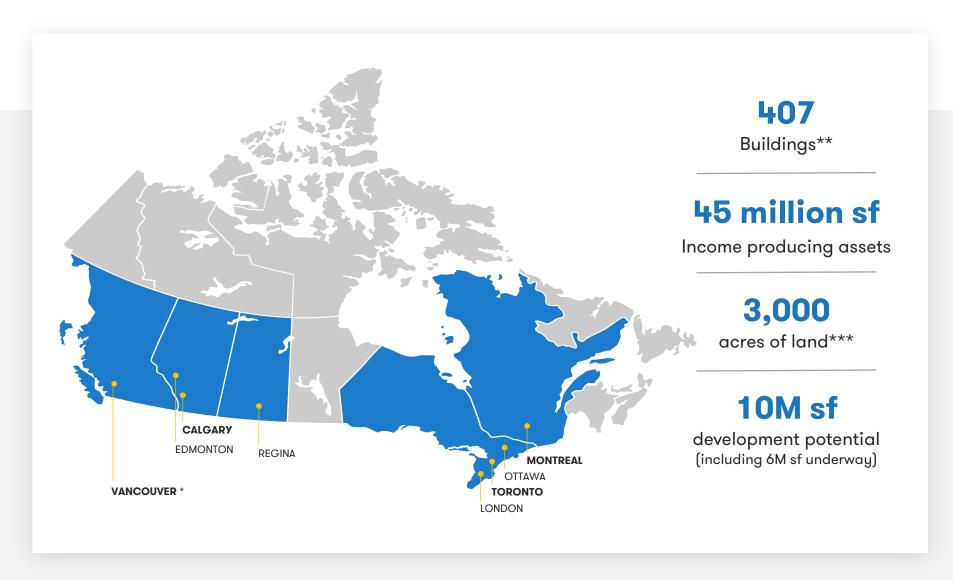
¹Net property management and leasing margin



Platform



One of the Largest Industrial Platforms in Canada



^{*}Currently under contract

^{**}Represents total buildings within DIR's wholly-owned portfolio and Dream Summit JV

^{***}Represents total site area for DIR's wholly-owned portfolio, GTA Land JV, and Dream Summit JV, including properties under development



Major Customers

Multinational Occupiers











































25+ million sf

occupied by multinational and/or multi-location users

75+ tenants

operating across multiple locations



Customer Solutions

Occupier focused program



Standardized pre-negotiated lease documentation



Geographic reach and scale



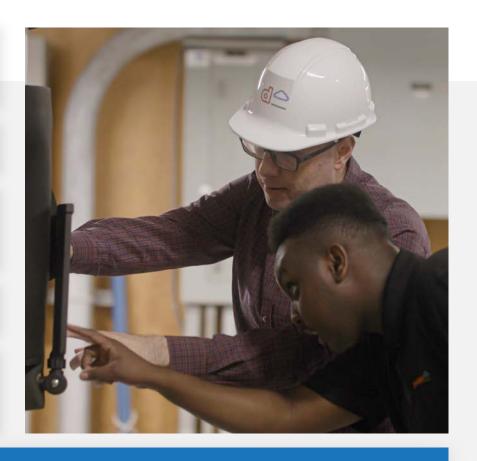
Customized sustainability solutions



Renewable energy solutions



Build-to-suit and expansion opportunities



Program designed to drive tenant retention and open development and strategic leasing opportunities with some of the strongest industrial occupiers globally



Full-Service, In-House Platform

Dedicated industrial team with over 150 professionals across multiple disciplines

National



Kimberley Hill

Customer Solutions



Dan Fletcher **Asset Management**



Brad Keast **Development**

Local Markets



Andrew Cunningham

Ouebec



Matthew Virgini

Western Canada



Shane Henke

Europe



Sjoerd Barmentloo

Integration of DIR and Summit platforms is now complete

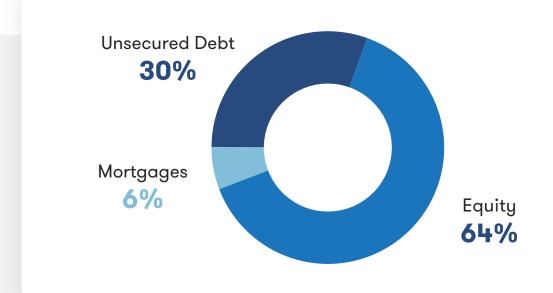


08
Financial
Overview



Strong and Flexible Balance Sheet

Robust balance sheet with ample liquidity¹



\$750M+

Available
Liquidity^{2,3}

35.9%

Net Total Debt-to-Total Assets (Net of Cash and Cash Equivalents)³ 8.1x

Net Total Debt-to-Normalized Adjusted EBITDAFV ratio (years)³ 5.4x

Interest Coverage Ratio³ BBB (mid)
DBRS Credit

Rating

\$5.7B

Unencumbered IP³

¹ Metrics as at June 30, 2024

² Unsecured credit facility was upsized from \$500M to \$750M in August 2024.

³ Available liquidity is a non-GAAP financial measures. Net total debt-to-total assets (net of cash and cash equivalents), net total debt-to-normalized adjusted EBITDAFV ratio and interest coverage ratio are non-GAAP financial ratios. Unencumbered investment properties is a supplementary financial measure. For further information, refer to the "Non-GAAP financial measures, ratios and supplementary financial measures" section in this investor presentation.



Back to the Question

Can this growth continue over the next few years as DIR refinances \$1.3 billion of debt maturing in 2025 and 2026?



Diversified Funding Sources

Investment grade balance sheet allows for various funding options

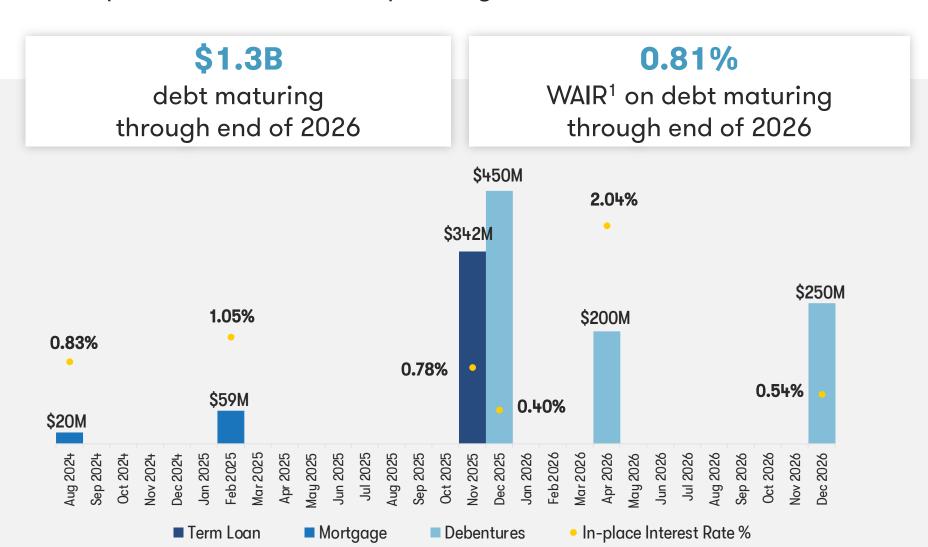
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<sup>via cross-currency interest rate swaps
via direct euro-denominated loans or cross-currency interest rate swaps</sup>



Staggered Debt Maturity Profile

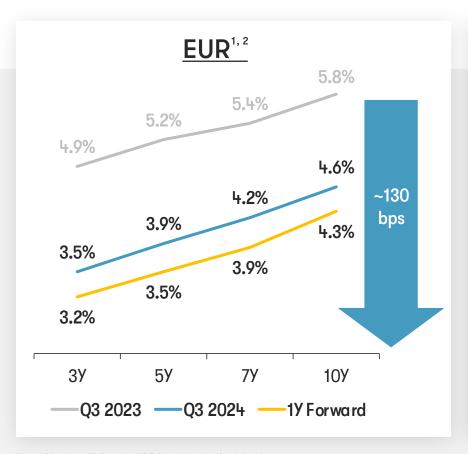
Well-positioned to address upcoming debt maturities

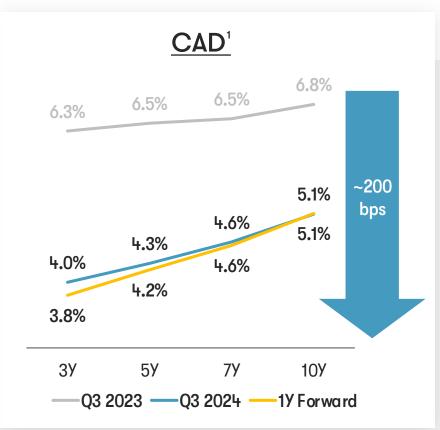




Declining Marginal Cost of Debt

Current marginal cost of 5-year debt: 3.9% in Euro and 4.3% in Cad





Source: Bloomberg, TD Securities, RBC Capital Markets, Scotiabank

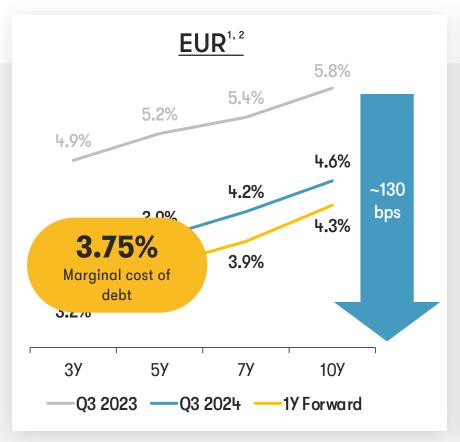
¹ Forward looking funding rates are estimated based on 1-year forward curves of respective benchmark rates and current market spreads as at September 27, 2024.

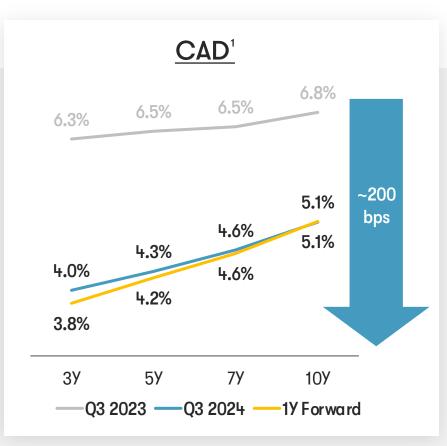
² via cross-currency interest rate swaps



Declining Marginal Cost of Debt

Current marginal cost of 5-year debt: 3.9% in Euro and 4.3% in Cad





Source: Bloomberg, TD Securities, RBC Capital Markets, Scotiabank

Forward curve suggests a further 10 to 40 bps decline

¹ Forward looking funding rates are estimated based on 1-year forward curves of respective benchmark rates and current market spreads as at September 27, 2024.

² via cross-currency interest rate swaps



By the end of 2026...

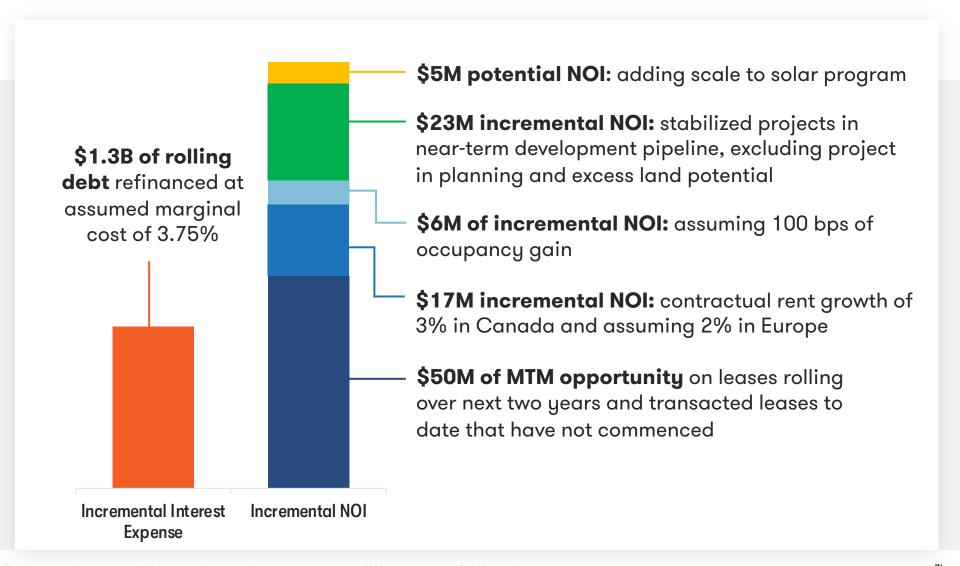
We expect incremental NOI to outpace the incremental interest expense

- \$1.3 billion euro-denominated debt to be refinanced, assume 3.75% current marginal cost of debt
- Significant mark-to-market rent upside to be realized on lease rollovers
- Embedded contractual rent steps on in-place leases ensures steady growth
- Opportunity to capture market rents as in-place occupancy reverts to historical mean
- Development pipeline completions add **new logistics space** in predominantly urban markets
- Ancillary sources of revenue provide new avenues of growth



Incremental NOI Potential vs Interest Expense¹

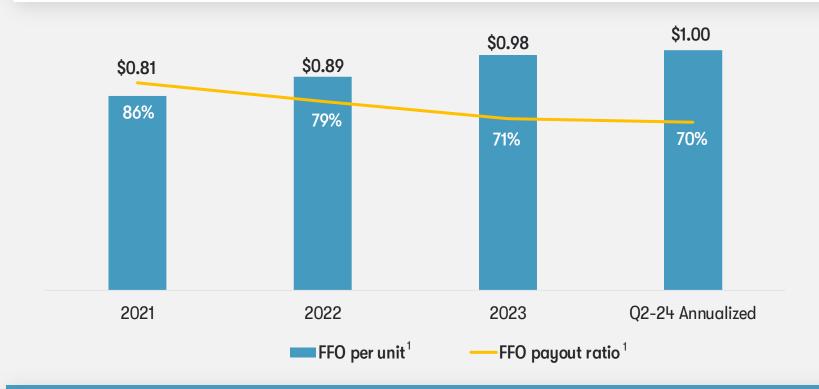
Annualized as at the end of 2026





Steady and Well-Covered Distributions

Execution on core strategic pillars have transformed our portfolio and achieved a solid pace of FFO growth



Growing retained free cash flow stream being reinvested into strategic initiatives



Capital Recycling

\$100 million of dispositions completed or in negotiations to date in 2024



Non-Strategic Assets

- → Located in non-core markets
- → Mark-to-market rent opportunities are already realized
- → Realized cash flow yields at sale price in the 5% range
- → Realized 24% premium on carrying values



Opportunistic User Sales

- → Unique to urban industrial class
- → Mid-size freestanding buildings (50-125K SF) located primarily in urban markets within the GTA, GMA and GCA
- → Typical user premiums are in the ~30% range on a per square foot basis
- → Realized mark-to-market sale cap rates below 5%* with savings in leaseup costs and downtime

\$50M+

Completed dispositions in DIR portfolio in 2024

\$65M+

Dispositions completed or underway within Dream Summit JV in 2024



Capital Allocation Opportunities

Active Development
Projects

\$100M by the end of 2025

10%+ unlevered yields on incremental capital

Future Intensifications & Solar Program

\$100M+ over near to medium term

8%+ unlevered yields on incremental capital

Co-investments in Private Partnerships

\$55M co-invested over the past 12 months 15%+ total returns on capital invested further enhanced by management revenue

Unit Buybacks

Focus on maintaining balance sheet strength, liquidity and flexibility

Investment Opportunities

Focus on cash flow accretion and enhancing the quality of the portfolio

Distribution Growth

Focus on growing retained cash flow and continuing to reduce FFO payout ratio



Total Return Model

Focus on growth and reinvestment of retained cash flow

Well covered with current FFO payout Monthly distribution ratio of 70% Reinvest into accretive initiatives to drive Growth in retained cash flow cash flow and NAV growth Enhancing return on capital and **NAV** appreciation repositioning select assets to their highest and best use Sustainable growth in distributions Grow distributions at lower rate than over time growth in retained cash flow



- Supportive industrial fundamentals
- + Improving investment market sentiment
- Multiple growth drivers within DIR business
- + Higher and better uses
- + Platform with significant scale
- Opportunities for strategic partnerships with occupiers
- + Strong and flexible balance sheet
- Robust opportunity set for allocating capital
- Potential for continued growth and compelling unitholder returns



QSA

Forward Looking Information

This investor presentation may contain forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. Such statements include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the objectives of Dream Industrial Real Estate Investment Trust (the "REIT", "DIR", "Dream Industrial REIT", "we" and "us") and strategies to achieve those objectives and the REIT's operations, business, financial condition, expected financial results and, performance. Forward-looking information generally can be identified by words such as "outlook", "objective", "may", "will", "would", "expect", "intend", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe", "should", "could", "likely", "seek", "strive", "plan", "target", "project", "forecast", "budget" or "continue" or similar expressions suggesting future outcomes or events. Specifically, such forward-looking statements in this presentation include statements regarding Canadian investment market trends, including expectations regarding the focus of global institutions, stages of acquisitions and amounts of capital deployed, the role of private investors, and the role of users and the valuations they are willing to pay; European investment market trends, including expectations regarding the continued growth of rents and the outpacing of urban industrial rent growth compared to the overall logistics market; the REIT's investment strategy; the REIT's belief that urban industrial warrants premium valuations and supporting rationale; expectations regarding number and type of sites undergoing feasibility studies for powered shell/land and self storage, the markets in which such sites are situated, sites undergoing rezoning and potential to add density, and opportunities for conversion and build-to-suit opportunities for temperature controlled facilities; the REIT's focus on data centres, including, the means by which REIT intends to focus on data centres, the power potential at sites under feasibility study, related opportunities and downside and asset information for conversion to powered shell; the REIT's future nearterm development spend, total portfolio IPP value and in-place cap and mark-to-market cap implied value (including future development spend); the REIT's expected growth drivers and its strategy focused on such drivers, including its urban portfolio where the REIT expects embedded upside, development and intensification efforts on the REIT's near-term development pipeline and advantages in excess density on existing land, sources of ancillary revenue (including solar, EV charging and cell towers) and private capital partnerships (including potential for scalable revenue, as well as property managing, leasing and construction management opportunities and expectations for future run rates based on the REIT's historical net property management and leasing margins); the mark-to-market rent opportunities embedded within the REIT's portfolio, including maturing GLA, in-place net rent per square foot, the REIT's positioning for healthy spreads for rental rate growth on lease roll-over and amount of annualized mark to-market opportunity on lease roll-over; contractual rent escalation, including average annual contractual rent growth on leases, indexation to local CPI, rental steps, and resulting annualized incremental net rental income; the impact of increases in occupancy on gross revenue; the contribution of completed projects on a run-rate basis; expectations regarding the REIT's pipeline of projects, including size, cost, yield, timing and NOI potential; the REIT's solar energy projects and pipeline, including capacity, target yield, NOI, location, and opportunities therefrom, including, with respect to additional return enhancements; opportunities from adding EV charging to assets and yield; feasibility studies for the addition of cell towers to assets, potential JV partnership, and yield; the potential to continue growing property management and leasing revenue as the REIT executes on organic NOI growth drivers within its partnerships; expected results driven from the REIT's occupier focused program; the future funding options provided by the REIT's investment grade balance sheet, maturing indebtedness and the refinancing thereof, and funding rates; the REIT's expectation that incremental NOI will outpace the incremental interest expense by 2026 and the factors contributing to such expectation; the REIT's opportunities for capital recycling and the status of dispositions; the REIT's capital allocation opportunities; the REIT's focus on maintaining balance sheet strength, liquidity and flexibility; the REIT's focus on accretion to retained cash flows and enhancing the quality of its portfolio; the REIT's focus on growing retained cash flow and continuing to reduce FFO payout ratio; and, the REIT's focus on growth and reinvestment of retained cash flows and the means by which the REIT plans to accomplish that.

Forward-looking information is based on a number of assumptions and is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the REIT's control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those that are disclosed in or implied by such forward-looking information. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, general and local economic and business conditions; real estate ownership risks including oversupply of industrial properties or a reduction in demand for real estate in the area, the attractiveness of properties to potential tenants or purchasers, competition with other landlords with similar available space, and the ability of the owner to provide adequate maintenance at competitive costs; the relative illiquidity of real estate investments and limited ability to vary our portfolio promptly to respond to changing economic or investment conditions; significant expenditures associated with real estate ownership regardless of whether the property is producing sufficient income to pay such expenses; employment levels; the uncertainties around the timing and amount of future financings; inflation; risks related to a potential economic slowdown in the jurisdictions in which we operate and the effect inflation and any such economic slowdown may have on market conditions and lease rates; uncertainties surrounding public health crises and epidemics; risks associated with unexpected or ongoing geopolitical events, including disputes between nations, war, terrorism or other acts of violence; international sanctions; the financial condition of tenants and borrowers; leasing risks; risks associated with the geographically concentrated nature of our properties; interest rate and currency rate fluctuations; risks associated with CCIRS arrangements; regulatory risks and changes in law; environmental risks; competition from other developers, managers and owners of properties; risks associated with participating in joint arrangements; environmental and climate change risk

Forward Looking Information

Although the forward-looking statements contained in this investor presentation are based on what we believe are reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements. Assumptions are based on information currently available to the REIT, including information obtained from third-party sources. While the REIT believes that such third-party sources are reliable sources of information, the REIT has not independently verified the information, the REIT has not ascertained the validity or accuracy of the underlying economic assumptions contained in such information from third-party sources and hereby disclaims any responsibility or liability whatsoever in respect of any information obtained from third-party sources.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements and information include, but are not limited to, assumptions regarding general economic conditions; local real estate conditions; timely leasing of vacant space and re-leasing of occupied space upon expiry; tenants' financial condition; acquisition activity; our ability to integrate acquisitions; inflation and interest rates that materially increase beyond current market expectations; valuation assumptions including market rents, leasing costs, vacancy rates, discount rates and cap rates; changes to historically low rates and rising replacement costs in the REIT's operating markets and increases in market rents; availability of equity and debt financing; our continued compliance with the real estate investment trust exemption under the specified investment flow-through trust legislation; and other assumptions and risks and factors described from time to time in the documents filed by the REIT with securities regulators.

These forward-looking statements are based upon the current expectations and beliefs of management and are provided for the purpose of providing additional information about such expectations and beliefs, and readers are cautioned that these statements may not be appropriate for other purposes.

All forward-looking information in this investor presentation speaks as of the date of this presentation, October 1, 2024. The REIT does not undertake to update any such forward-looking information whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as required by law. Additional information about these assumptions and risks and uncertainties is contained in the REIT's filings with securities regulators, including its latest annual information form and management's discussion and analysis. These filings are also available at the REIT's website at www.dreamindustrialreit.ca.

In this presentation, Dream Industrial REIT presents certain information regarding management's target internal returns. No assurance, representation or warranty is made by any person that management's target internal returns will be achieved and undue reliance should not be put on them.

Meaning of Certain References

Unless otherwise stated, information about Dream Industrial REIT is presented as at October 1, 2024.

In this presentation, references to the "Dream group of companies" refers to the REIT, Dream Unlimited Corp, Dream Office Real Estate Investment Trust, Dream Impact Trust and Dream Residential Real Estate Investment Trust, references to "Dream Summit Industrial JV" refers to a joint venture between GIC and the REIT in which the REIT has a 10% interest and references to "GTA Land JV" refers to a develop-to-hold joint venture between a subsidiary of the REIT and a sovereign wealth fund.

In this presentation, references to the term "sf" refer to square feet, references to "psf" refer to per square foot and references to the term "GLA" refer to gross leasable area.

This presentation also refers to certain terms commonly used in the real estate industry, such as "weighted average lease term", "yield on cost", "absorption rate" and "weighted average occupancy". The REIT's calculation of such terms are set out below:

"weighted average lease term ("WALT")"is calculated as average lease term weighted by gross leasable area.

"yield on cost ("YoC")" is calculated as Year 1 net rental income divided by total expected costs of the project or investment.

"absorption rate" is calculated as difference in occupied square footage between two periods.

"weighted average occupancy" is calculated as average occupancy weighted by gross leasable area.

"net rent" refers to weighted average in-place and committed base rent.

"yield on incremental capital" is calculated as incremental rental income divided by the incremental invested capital.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures, Ratios and Supplementary Financial Measures

The Trust's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). In this investor presentation, as a complement to results provided in accordance with IFRS, the Trust discloses and discusses certain non-GAAP financial measures and ratios, including CP NOI, FFO, diluted FFO per Unit, net total debt-to-total assets (net of cash and cash equivalents) ratio, net total debt-to-normalized adjusted EBITDAFV ratio, interest coverage ratio, available liquidity as well as other measures discussed elsewhere in this investor presentation. The most directly comparable financial measure to CP NOI is net rental income. The most directly comparable financial measure to FFO, a component of FFO per Unit, is net income. Net total debt and total assets (net of cash and cash equivalents) are non-GAAP measures used as components of net total debt-to-totalassets (net of cash and cash equivalents) ratio. The most directly comparable financial measure to net total debt is non-current debt, and the most directly comparable financial measure to total assets (net of cash and cash equivalents) is total assets. Normalized adjusted EBITDAFV, a non-GAAP financial measure, is used as a component of the net total debt-to-normalized adjusted EBITDAFV ratio, and its most directly comparable financial measure is net income. The most directly comparable financial measure to available liquidity is cash and cash equivalents. These non-GAAP financial measures and ratios are not defined by IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS. The Trust's method of calculating these non-GAAP financial measures and ratios may differ from other issuers and may not be comparable with similar measures presented by other income trusts. The Trust has presented such non-GAAP financial measures and ratios as management believes they are relevant measures of the Trust's underlying operating and financial performance. Certain additional disclosures such as the composition, usefulness, reconciliation and changes, as applicable, of the non-GAAP financial measures and ratios included in this investor presentation have been incorporated by reference from the management's discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results from operations of the Trust for the three months ended June 30, 2024, dated August 6, 2024 (the "MD&A for Q2 2024") and can be found under the sections "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and "Non-GAAP Ratios" and respective sub-headings labelled "Comparative properties net operating income ("CP NOI") (constant currency basis)", "Funds from operations ("FFO")", "Diluted FFO per Unit", "Net total debt-to-total assets (net of cash and cash equivalents) ratio", "Net total debt and total assets (net of cash and cash equivalents)", "Net total debt-to-normalized adjusted EBITDAFV ratio (years)", "Adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and fair value adjustments ("Adjusted EBITDAFV") and Normalized adjusted EBITDAFV -Annualized", "Interest coverage ratio" and "Available Liquidity".

In this investor presentation, the Trust also discloses and discusses certain supplementary financial measures, including unencumbered investment properties, NOI margin and FFO payout ratio. The composition of unencumbered investment properties has been incorporated by reference from the MD&A for Q2 2024 and can be found under the section "Supplementary financial measures and ratios and other disclosures". NOI margin is calculated as net rental income divided by investment properties revenue. FFO payout ratio is calculated as distributions declared per unit divided by FFO per unit for the period.

The MD&A for Q2 2024 is available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com under the Trust's profile and on the Trust's website at www.dreamindustrialreit.ca under the Investors section.

Non-GAAP financial measures and ratios should not be considered as alternatives to net rental income, net income, cash and cash equivalents, total assets, non-current debt, or comparable metrics determined in accordance with IFRS as indicators of the Trust's performance, liquidity, cash flow and profitability.



Thank you